FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 489

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

1185H.03C JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 578.018, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the confiscation of animals, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

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Section A. Section 578.018, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 578.018, to read as follows:

578.018. 1. Any [duly authorized public health official or] law enforcement official 2 may seek a warrant from the appropriate circuit court to enable [him or her] the law 3 **enforcement official** to enter private property in order to inspect, care for, or [impound] 4 confiscate neglected or abused animals as set forth in such warrant. All requests for such 5 warrants shall be signed, witnessed, and accompanied by an affidavit stating the probable cause to believe a violation of sections 578.005 to [578.023] 578.025 has occurred. A person acting under the authority of a warrant shall:

- (1) [Be given] Appear at a disposition hearing before the court through which the warrant was issued, within thirty days of the filing of the request for the warrant for the purpose of granting immediate disposition of the animals [impounded]. No animal shall be sterilized prior to the completion of such disposition hearing unless necessary to save life or relieve suffering;
- Place [impounded] animals in the care or custody of a veterinarian, the appropriate animal control authority, [or] an animal shelter, or a third party approved by the court. If no appropriate veterinarian, animal control authority, [or] animal shelter, or 15 third party is available, the animal shall not be [impounded] confiscated unless it is diseased or disabled beyond recovery for any useful purpose;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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- 18 (3) Humanely kill any animal [impounded] confiscated if it is determined by a 19 licensed veterinarian that the animal is diseased or disabled beyond recovery for any useful 20 purpose;
 - (4) Not be liable for any **reasonable and** necessary damage to property while acting under such warrant.
 - 2. (1) The owner of any animal that has been confiscated under this section shall not be responsible for the animal's care and keeping prior to a disposition hearing if, at the disposition hearing, there is no finding of neglect or abuse by the court and the court orders the animal returned to the owner.
 - (2) If, at the disposition hearing, the court finds that neglect or abuse likely occurred and does not order the animal returned to the owner, after completion of the disposition hearing the owner or custodian or any person claiming an interest in any animal that has been [impounded] confiscated because of neglect or abuse may prevent disposition of the animal after the disposition hearing and until final judgment, settlement, or dismissal of any criminal charges by posting reasonable bond or security within seventytwo hours of the disposition hearing in an amount sufficient to provide for the animal's care and keeping [for at least thirty days, inclusive of the date on which the animal was taken into eustody and consistent with the fair market cost of boarding such an animal in an appropriate retail boarding facility. Notwithstanding the fact that reasonable bond may be posted pursuant to this [subsection] subdivision, the authority having custody of the animal may humanely dispose of the animal at the end of the time for which reasonable expenses are covered by the bond or security, unless there is a court order prohibiting such disposition. Such order shall provide for a reasonable bond or other security in the amount necessary to protect the authority having custody of the animal from any cost of the care, keeping, or disposal of the animal.
 - (3) The authority taking custody of an animal shall give notice of the provisions of this section by posting a copy of this section at the place where the animal was taken into custody or by delivering it to a person residing on the property.
 - 3. The owner or custodian of any animal humanely killed pursuant to this section shall not be entitled to recover any damages related to nor the actual value of the animal if the animal was found by a licensed veterinarian to be diseased or disabled **beyond recovery for any useful purpose**, or if the owner or custodian failed to post bond or security for the care, keeping, and disposition of the animal after being notified of [impoundment] confiscation and after completion of the disposition hearing.
 - 4. All animals confiscated under this section shall receive proper care as determined by state law and regulations for each specific animal and facility or organization where the animal is placed after such confiscation. Any such facility or

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 organization shall be liable to the animal owner for damages for any negligent acts or abuse of such animal that occurs while the animal is in the care, custody, and control of the facility or organization.

- 5. In the event that the animal owner is not liable for the costs incurred for the placement and care of an animal or animals while charges were pending, such costs relating to placement and care, as well as liability for the life or death of the animal and for medical procedures performed while charges were pending, shall be the responsibility of and shall be borne and paid by the confiscating agency. Such costs shall be consistent with the fair market value of boarding an animal at a retail establishment and with the usual and customary costs of veterinary medical services provided by a clinic licensed under chapter 340.
- 6. If the owner posted a sufficient bond and is acquitted or there is a final discharge without conviction, unless there is a settlement agreement, consent judgment, or a suspended imposition of sentence, the owner may demand the return of the animal held in custody. Any entity with care, custody, and control of such animal shall immediately return such animal to the owner upon demand and proof of such acquittal or final discharge without conviction. Upon acquittal or final discharge without conviction, unless there is a settlement agreement, consent judgment, or a suspended imposition of sentence, the owner shall not be liable for any costs incurred relating to the placement or care of the animal during the pendency of the charges.
- 7. Any person or entity that intentionally euthanizes, other than as permissible under this section, or intentionally sterilizes an animal prior to a disposition hearing or during any period for which reasonable bond was secured for the animal's care is guilty of a class B misdemeanor and shall be liable to the owner of the animal for damages including, but not limited to, the actual value of the animal. Each violation against each individual animal is a separate offense. Any second or subsequent violation is a class A misdemeanor and any entity licensed under state law shall be subject to licensure sanction by its governing body.

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