## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 803**

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE STINNETT.

2031H.011 JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal section 210.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to blood tests of pregnant women.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 210.030, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as section 210.030, to read as follows:

210.030. 1. Every licensed physician, midwife, registered nurse and all persons who 2 may undertake, in a professional way, the obstetrical and gynecological care of a pregnant 3 woman in the state of Missouri shall, if the woman consents, take or cause to be taken a 4 sample of venous blood of such woman at the time of the first prenatal examination, or not 5 later than twenty days after the first prenatal examination, and another sample at twenty-6 eight weeks of pregnancy and subject such [sample] samples to an approved and standard serological test for syphilis, and approved serological [test] tests for hepatitis B, 8 hepatitis C, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), and such other treatable diseases and metabolic disorders as are prescribed by the department of health and senior services. [In any area of the state designated as a syphilis outbreak area by the department of health and senior services, if the mother consents, a sample of her venous blood shall be taken later in the course of pregnancy and at delivery for additional testing for syphilis as may be prescribed by the department If a mother tests positive for syphilis, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, or HIV, or 13 any combination of such diseases, the physician or person providing care shall 15 administer treatment in accordance with the most recent accepted medical practice. If a mother tests positive for hepatitis B, the physician or person who professionally undertakes the pediatric care of a newborn shall also administer the appropriate doses of hepatitis B 17

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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vaccine and hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) in accordance with the current recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). If the mother's hepatitis B status is unknown, the appropriate dose of hepatitis B vaccine shall be administered to the newborn in accordance with the current ACIP recommendations. If the mother consents, a sample of her venous blood shall be taken. If she tests positive for hepatitis B, hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) shall be administered to the newborn in accordance with the current ACIP recommendations.

2. The department of health and senior services shall [, in consultation with the Missouri genetic disease advisory committee,] make such rules pertaining to such tests as shall be dictated by accepted medical practice, and tests shall be of the types approved or accepted by the [department of health and senior services] United States Food and Drug Administration. [An approved and standard test for syphilis, hepatitis B, and other treatable diseases and metabolic disorders shall mean a test made in a laboratory approved by the department of health and senior services.] No individual shall be denied testing by the department of health and senior services because of inability to pay.

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