

CCS SS SB 28 -- TRANSPORTATION

This bill modifies the provision relating to transportation.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF MOTOR VEHICLE RECORDS (Section 32.056)

The bill clarifies that the Department of Revenue cannot release the home address or any other information that identifies a vehicle owned or leased by any person who is an active or retired county, State, or Federal parole officer, Federal pretrial officer, a peace officer, a person vested under the Missouri Constitution with judicial power, a member of the Federal judiciary, or a member of such person's immediate family contained in the Department's motor vehicle or driver registration records.

This provision is similar to HB 138 (2025).

COTTON TRAILERS (Sections 301.010 and 307.010)

Currently, the maximum speed at which cotton trailers may travel is 40 miles per hour. This bill increases the speed to less than 70 miles per hour and removes the requirement that the trailer is to be used exclusively for transporting cotton. The bill also specifies that cotton trailers are not in violation of the provisions relating to securing of loads if certain conditions are met and no portion of the load becomes dislodged and falls from the trailer.

This provision is similar to HB 169 (2025).

TEMPORARY PERMITS (Section 301.140)

Currently, temporary permits issued by a dealer selling motor vehicles under the provisions of Section 301.213, RSMo, last 90 days instead of the standard 30 days. The bill removes this 90-day duration and requires that a purchaser of a vehicle pay sales taxes on that vehicle before the purchaser can purchase a temporary permit. The sales tax requirement is subject to a contingent effective date and will become effective when the Department of Revenue (DOR) has implemented their modernized, integrated computer system and the Director of the Department gives notice that the sales tax requirement is feasible.

This provision is similar to those found in the perfected HB 378 (2025).

SPECIALTY LICENSE PLATES (Section 301.448 and 301.469)

Currently, a person who currently serves in or has been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces, the United States Coast Guard, or the reserves for any such branch can apply for special personalized license plates with the seal, logo, or emblem along with words designating their branch or subdivision of service. The bill adds members of the Space Force.

The bill provides that the application for a Missouri Conservation Heritage Foundation emblem license plate and payment of the \$25 contribution may be made at the time of registration to the Director of the Department of Revenue, who must deposit the contribution to the credit of the Missouri Conservation Heritage Foundation.

This provision is similar to HB 1355 and HB 61 (2025).

TRAILERS AND TRAILER DEALERS (Section 301.558)

Currently, motor vehicle dealers, boat dealers, and powersport dealers are allowed to fill in blanks on standardized forms as long as they do not charge for the service. Further, they can charge administration fees in connection to leasing or selling motor vehicles, vessels, and vessel trailers for the storage of documents and certain clerical work without being charged for the unauthorized practice of law.

The bill adds "trailer dealers" to these provisions. The bill changes the percent of fees collected by motor vehicle dealers and trailer dealers remitted to the maintenance of DOR's modernized, integrated motor vehicle registration and driver licensing system from 1% to 3.5%.

MOTORCYCLE OR ATV FRANCHISORS (Section 407.1034)

Currently, it is unlawful for a motorcycle or all-terrain vehicle franchisor to fail to pay reasonable compensation for certain items to a franchisee upon termination, cancellation, or refusal to continue a franchise or upon the discontinuation of certain line-make parts or products. This bill would make it unlawful to fail to repurchase a franchisee's inventory or other items if the motorcycle or all-terrain franchise agreement is terminated, canceled, or not renewed by the manufacturer for cause; if the dealer voluntarily terminates an agreement in a permitted manner; if the manufacturer terminates or discontinues a franchise by discontinuing a line-make or by no longer doing business in this State; or if the manufacturer changes the distributor or method of distribution of its products in this State or alters its sales regions or marketing areas within this State in a way that eliminates or diminishes the dealer's market area. The

manufacturer must repurchase the items within 30 days of termination.

This provision is similar to HB 969 (2025).