

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 6036H.03C
 Bill No.: HCS for HB Nos. 2884 & 1655
 Subject: Retirement - Local Government; Retirement Systems and Benefits - General; Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies; Boards, Commissions, Committees, and Councils; Cities, Towns, and Villages; City of St. Louis
 Type: Original
 Date: March 27, 2026

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies provisions relating to public employee retirement systems.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND

FUND AFFECTED	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
General Revenue*	\$0	\$0 or Unknown	\$0 or Unknown
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	\$0	\$0 or Unknown	\$0 or Unknown

*Based on a review of various scenarios and actuarial outcomes for the lump sum payment option, Oversight assumes the impact from this proposal could exceed \$250,000.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS

FUND AFFECTED	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
Various Other State Funds*	\$0	\$0 or Unknown	\$0 or Unknown
Total Estimated Net Effect on Other State Funds	\$0	\$0 or Unknown	\$0 or Unknown

*Based on a review of various scenarios and actuarial outcomes for the lump sum payment option, Oversight assumes the impact from this proposal could exceed \$250,000.

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS

FUND AFFECTED	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
Federal Funds*	\$0	\$0 or Unknown	\$0 or Unknown
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0 or Unknown	\$0 or Unknown

*Based on a review of various scenarios and actuarial outcomes for the lump sum payment option, Oversight assumes the impact from this proposal could exceed \$250,000.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)

FUND AFFECTED	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

- Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS

FUND AFFECTED	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

§86.213 – Police Retirement System for the City of St. Louis

In response to a previous version, officials from the **City of St. Louis, St. Louis Metropolitan Police Department** and the **St. Louis Employees Retirement System** did not respond to **Oversight’s** request for fiscal impact for this proposal.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **St. Louis Police Retirement System** assumed this proposal would modify the terms of membership of the Board of Trustees of the Police Retirement System of St. Louis (“Board”), specifically, the terms served by the Trustees to be appointed by the Mayor of the City of St. Louis. Currently, the two (2) mayoral appointments to the Board are each for two (2)-year terms and those terms expire at the same time. HB 2884 would “stagger” the terms of the two mayoral appointees by initially providing for one appointee to serve a one (1)-year term and the other a two (2)-year term and thereafter having two (2)-year terms for all mayoral appointees. HB 2884 would also authorize mayoral appointees to remain serving as Trustees until their successors have been appointed.

This bill, if passed, would have no fiscal impact. The number of Trustees would remain the same and only the start and end dates of the terms of the mayoral appointees would be affected. Moreover, Trustees receive no compensation for their service on the Board of Trustees.

Oversight assumes this proposal modifies provisions relating to certain appointments to the Board of Trustees of the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis and will not have a direct fiscal impact.

§§104.200, 104.490, 104.1060, 104.1092 and 105.695 – Public Employee Retirement Benefits

§§104.490 and 104.1060 – Overpayments

Officials from the **MoDOT & Patrol Employees’ Retirement System (MPERS)** state the bill, if enacted, would modify provisions governing how retirement systems recover overpayments per sections 104.200 and 104.1060. These changes provide that, if an overpayment must be recovered from a member, it may be recovered either as a single sum, in installment payments, or as an actuarial equivalent. No fiscal impact for this change.

Officials from the **Missouri State Employee's Retirement System (MOSERS)** assume the proposed legislation would amend sections 104.490 and 104.1060 RSMo to allow additional options for the correction of payment errors. The proposed changes to these sections would allow MOSERS to accept a single sum or installment repayment to recover benefit overpayments until the overpayment is recovered in full. Currently, in the case of overpayment or underpayment, this section requires MOSERS to correct the error by actuarially adjusting future payments to the

extent practicable. The proposed changes are consistent with federal tax law governing public pension plans and payment correction.

The change to sections 104.490 and 104.1060 would have no fiscal impact. There are so few overpayment or underpayment corrections at any given time and the amounts of such corrections are insignificant when taking into account the funding of the System, any related cost or savings from the use of one method over another would be immaterial.

§104.1092 – Lump Sum Payment Option

Officials from **MoDOT & Patrol Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)** state section 104.1092.2 is modified to provide a payment option in lieu of retirement annuity benefits if the board of either system elects to exercise it. Previously, this option had been a one-time offering in 2018, but this modification provides for a “permanent” payment option beginning in January 2027. This payment option would be available to those members who are vested but no longer employed by a system sponsor and have not yet reached normal retirement eligibility.

A best-case scenario is paying out a small percentage of the eligible recipients at 50% of the present value, which provides for a cost savings to the plan. If they pay out 100% of the benefit's present value for 100% of the individuals eligible to receive it, the plan would see a small increase to contributions, approximately less than a percent for the first few years, then slightly more than one percent in the following years. Based on past experience with buyouts, it is extremely unlikely that 100% of those eligible to elect the buyout would actually do so.

Officials from the **Missouri State Employee's Retirement System (MOSERS)** assume this bill also amends section 104.1092 RSMo to authorize the MOSERS Board of Trustees to offer an annuity buyout. The proposed change would authorize the MOSERS Board of Trustees to offer members a one-time election to receive a lump sum payment equal to a certain percentage of the present value of the member's deferred annuity in lieu of receiving retirement annuity benefits. MSEP and MSEP 2000 members who have terminated employment, are entitled to an annuity from the system, and have not reached normal retirement age or eligibility would be eligible for any buyout authorized by the Board under this section.

MOSERS assumes the proposed change to section 104.1092 could have no fiscal impact or a net positive fiscal impact to the System. The Board would be authorized to implement an annuity buyout if desired but is not required to do so. If the Board chose not to implement an annuity buyout, then there would be no fiscal impact.

If the Board decided to offer an annuity buyout, it would concurrently set the percentage of present value of future benefits to calculate the lump sum payment. MOSERS's actuaries currently value a terminated vested member's full present value of future benefits (PVFB). If the Board were to determine the buyout percentage to be 100% of the member's PVFB, there would be no fiscal impact to the System. If the Board determined a percentage less than 100% of PVFB, there would be a reduction in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for each member

who elected the one-time lump sum payment, resulting in a net positive fiscal impact to the System.

The MOSERS Board previously implemented an annuity buyout program with a buyout percentage of 60% of PVFB. The initial buyout was offered from October 1 through November 30, 2017, and it offered a second chance buyout in May 2018. The buyouts together eliminated \$41 million in total net liability.

Oversight assumes this proposal authorizes the Board of either system to establish a lump sum payment option. Oversight assumes the ultimate impact is unknown depending on how the Board structures the payment option and the number of participants. Oversight assumes 100% participation paid at 100% of the present value of future benefits is an unlikely outcome. For purposes of this fiscal note, Oversight assumes there could be a positive net gain to employer contributions if either system established a lump sum payment option. Based on a review of various scenarios and actuarial outcomes, Oversight assumes the impact from this proposal could exceed \$250,000.

§105.695 – Prohibition on Expenditures

Officials from **MoDOT & Patrol Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)** state §105.695 is a new section that will prevent the contribution or expenditure of system funds to advocate, support, or oppose the passage or defeat of a ballot measure. This will not impact MPERS, as it is not authorized in the governing statutes to make such contributions or expenditures. No fiscal impact.

Officials from the **Missouri State Employee's Retirement System (MOSERS)** stated this new section 105.695 would prohibit the contribution or expenditure of system funds for ballot measures or candidates and prohibit the use of said funds from paying any debts or obligations or any committee supporting or opposing ballot measures or candidates. MOSERS's governance manual prohibits such contributions or expenditures. The prohibition of using system funds to advocate, support, or oppose ballot measures or candidates in section 105.695 would have no fiscal impact.

Responses regarding the proposed legislation as a whole for §§104.200, 104.490, 104.1060, 104.1092 and 105.695:

In response to similar legislation, HB 1655 (2026), officials from the **Missouri State University** and the **University of Central Missouri** each assumed the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies.

§169.450 - Public School Retirement Systems Boards of Trustees

In response to similar legislation HB 3208 (2026), officials from the **St. Louis Public School Retirement System (PSRSSTL)** assumed this proposal contains provisions that concern the Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis (“PSRSSTL”). This proposal changes portions of RSMo. 169.450 to increase the Board meeting quorum from 6 Trustees to 7 Trustees. In reviewing this proposal, PSRSSTL believes there is no financial impact.

Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for this agency.

In response to similar legislation, HB 3208 (2026), officials from the **Public Schools and Education Employee Retirement Systems** assumed the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their organization.

Oversight notes that the above-mentioned agencies have stated the proposal would not have a direct fiscal impact on their organization. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact on the fiscal note.

Responses regarding the proposed legislation as a whole

Officials from the **University of Missouri System** have reviewed this proposed legislation and notes it does not anticipate a significant financial impact.

Officials from the **City of Kansas City, County Employees Retirement Fund, Kansas City Civilian Police Employees’ Retirement, Kansas City Police Retirement System, Metro St. Louis Sewer District Employees Pension Plan, Public Education Employees’ Retirement System, Sheriff’s Retirement System, University of Central Missouri, Northwest Missouri State University** and the **Joint Committee on Public Employee Retirement** each assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT – State Government</u>	FY 2027 (10 Mo.)	FY 2028	FY 2029
GENERAL REVENUE			
<u>Savings</u> – (§104.1092) From a decrease in employer contributions from a lump sum payout p.5	<u>\$0</u>	\$0 or <u>Unknown</u>	\$0 or <u>Unknown</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0 or Unknown</u>	<u>\$0 or Unknown</u>
OTHER STATE FUNDS			
<u>Savings</u> – (§104.1092) From a decrease in employer contributions from a lump sum payout p.5	<u>\$0</u>	\$0 or <u>Unknown</u>	\$0 or <u>Unknown</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0 or Unknown</u>	<u>\$0 or Unknown</u>
FEDERAL FUNDS			
<u>Savings</u> – (§104.1092) From a decrease in employer contributions from a lump sum payout p.5	<u>\$0</u>	\$0 or <u>Unknown</u>	\$0 or <u>Unknown</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0 or Unknown</u>	<u>\$0 or Unknown</u>

<u>FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government</u>	FY 2027 (10 Mo.)	FY 2028	FY 2029
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

No direct fiscal impact on small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Under current law, the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis is administered by a nine-member Board of Trustees consisting of the city comptroller serving ex officio, two members appointed by the mayor for two-year terms, three active commissioned police officers elected by active members of the retirement system, and three retired members elected by retired members of the system. Active and retired trustees serve staggered three-year terms. Elected active-duty officer trustees are entitled to compensated travel time, not to exceed 30 days per fiscal year, for participation in authorized board duties.

This bill modifies the appointment terms for mayoral appointees to the Board of Trustees of the Police Retirement System of the City of St. Louis. Beginning October 1, 2026, the bill requires the mayor to appoint one trustee to an initial one-year term and one trustee to an initial two-year term, after which all subsequent mayoral appointments will be for two-year terms (Section 86.213).

This bill authorizes a methodology for the board of trustees of the Missouri State Employees' Retirement System to recover any over payments made to a beneficiary in error, either in a single sum or in installment repayments until such over payment is made in full. Under current law, the board's recovery of the over payments made to a beneficiary is permissive (Sections 104.200 & 104.490 & 104.1060, RSMo.)

The bill reinstates the time period for a member to make an election to receive a lump sum payment of the member's deferred annuity in lieu of retirement annuity benefits, under the closed plan or year 2000 plan, to on or after January 1, 2027. Under current law, the election can be made by the member beginning on a date established by the board under such plan, but not after May 31, 2018 (Section 104.1092).

The bill prohibits the contribution or expenditure of funds of the retirement system, as that term is defined in the bill, to advocate, support, or oppose the passage or defeat of any ballot measure or the nomination or election of any candidate for public office. In addition, the system funds cannot be used to pay any debts or obligations of any committee supporting or opposing ballot measures or candidates. Systems may still educate and inform members about potential impacts to the system (Section 105.695).

The bill retains the existing board composition, continues the comptroller's ex officio membership, maintains the election structure and term lengths for active and retired trustees, and continues the authorization for compensated travel time for active-duty trustees attending board functions.

The Board of Trustees for the St. Louis Public School retirement system was expanded to 13 people in 2025. Currently the requirement for passage of a decision by the trustees is six votes. This bill provides that seven members will constitute a quorum for any transaction of business

and that actions and decisions of the Board require a vote of seven members during any meeting in which a quorum is present (Section 169.450).

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

St. Louis Police Retirement System
MoDOT & Patrol Employees' Retirement System
Missouri State Employee's Retirement System
County Employees Retirement Fund
Kansas City Civilian Police Employees' Retirement
Kansas City Police Retirement System
Metro St. Louis Sewer District Employees Pension Plan
Public Schools and Education Employee Retirement Systems
Sheriff's Retirement System
University of Missouri
Missouri State University
Northwest Missouri State University
University of Central Missouri
Joint Committee on Public Employee Retirement
St. Louis Public School Retirement System
Public Education Employees' Retirement System
City of Kansas City



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