SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 2176

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE PERKINS.

5453H.01I JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 21.750, 563.016, 563.031, 563.041, 563.074, 571.101, 571.104, 571.117, 571.205, and 571.225, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to public safety, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 21.750, 563.016, 563.031, 563.041, 563.074, 571.101, 571.104,

- 2 571.117, 571.205, and 571.225, RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections enacted in lieu
- 3 thereof, to be known as sections 1.486, 21.750, 563.031, 563.041, 563.074, 563.085, 571.101,
- 4 571.104, 571.117, 571.205, and 571.225, to read as follows:
- 1.486. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Anti-Red Flag 2 Gun Seizure Act".
- 2. As used in this section, "red flag law" means:
- 4 (1) Any gun control law, order, or measure that directs the temporary or permanent seizure of any firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition of an individual, except persons lawfully in custody or persons who have been released after the execution of a bail bond after having been charged with a dangerous felony, as defined in section 556.061; or
- 9 (2) Any federal statute, federal rule, federal executive order, or federal judicial order or finding, or any state statute, state rule, state executive order, or state judicial order or finding, that:
- 12 (a) Prohibits a Missouri citizen from owning, possessing, transporting, 13 transferring, or receiving any firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition, except 14 persons lawfully in custody or persons who have been released after the execution of a

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

bail bond after having been charged with a dangerous felony, as defined in section556.061; or

- (b) Orders the removal or requires the surrender of any firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition of an individual, except persons lawfully in custody or persons who have been released after the execution of a bail bond after having been charged with a dangerous felony, as defined in section 556.061.
- 3. Any federal order of protection, other judicial order issued by a federal court, or federal executive order that is a red flag law or otherwise directs the confiscation of any firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition from any law-abiding citizen within the borders of this state shall not be enforced in this state by any state agency, political subdivision, or state or local law enforcement agency.
- 4. No state agency, political subdivision, or state or local law enforcement agency shall receive any federal moneys for the purpose of enforcing any federal statute, federal rule, federal executive order, or federal judicial order or findings, or for the purpose of enforcing any state statute, state rule, state executive order, or state judicial order or findings, that would have the effect of enforcing a red flag law against a Missouri citizen.
- 5. No state entity or employee thereof, political subdivision or employee thereof, or other entity or person shall have the authority to enforce or attempt to enforce a red flag law regardless of the red flag law's origin or the authority of the issuing entity. This subsection shall not apply to any agent of the federal government enforcing a federal law or federal order.
- 6. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition from being seized as evidence by law enforcement in the course of an investigation.
- 7. (1) A political subdivision or state or local law enforcement agency that employs a law enforcement officer who knowingly acts to violate this section and enforce a red flag law under the color of any state or federal statute, rule, executive order, or judicial order or finding shall be liable to the party against whom the red flag law was enforced in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress and shall be subject to a civil penalty of fifty thousand dollars per occurrence.
- (2) Any person injured under this section shall have standing to pursue an action for injunctive relief in the circuit court of the county in which the action allegedly occurred or in the circuit court of Cole County.
- (3) The court shall hold a hearing on any motion for a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction within thirty days of service of a petition for the same.
- (4) In an action brought under this section by a party against whom the red flag law was enforced, a court may order injunctive or other equitable relief, recovery of

damages, other legal remedies, and payment of reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and expenses of the party. The relief and remedies set forth in this section shall not be deemed exclusive and shall be in addition to any other relief or remedies permitted by law. The court may award the prevailing party, if not the state of Missouri or a political subdivision thereof, reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

- (5) Sovereign immunity shall not be an affirmative defense to any action brought under this section.
- 21.750. 1. The general assembly hereby occupies and preempts the entire field of legislation touching in any way firearms, components, ammunition and supplies to the complete exclusion of any order, ordinance or regulation by any political subdivision of this state. Any existing or future orders, ordinances or regulations in this field are hereby and shall be null and void except as provided in subsection 3 of this section.
- 2. No county, city, town, village, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state shall adopt any order, ordinance or regulation concerning in any way the sale, purchase, purchase delay, transfer, ownership, use, keeping, possession, bearing, transportation, licensing, permit, registration, taxation other than sales and compensating use taxes or other controls on firearms, components, ammunition, and supplies except as provided in subsection 3 of this section.
- 3. [(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection,] Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit any ordinance of any political subdivision which conforms exactly with any of the provisions of sections 571.010 to 571.070, with appropriate penalty provisions, or which regulates [the open carrying of firearms readily capable of lethal use or] the discharge of firearms within a jurisdiction, provided such ordinance complies with the provisions of section 252.243. No ordinance shall be construed to preclude the use of a firearm in the defense of person or property, subject to the provisions of chapter 563.
- [(2) In any jurisdiction in which the open carrying of firearms is prohibited by ordinance, the open carrying of firearms shall not be prohibited in accordance with the following:
- (a) Any person with a valid concealed carry endorsement or permit who is open carrying a firearm shall be required to have a valid concealed carry endorsement or permit from this state, or a permit from another state that is recognized by this state, in his or her possession at all times;
- (b) Any person open carrying a firearm in such jurisdiction shall display his or her concealed carry endorsement or permit upon demand of a law enforcement officer;
- (c) In the absence of any reasonable and articulable suspicion of criminal activity, no person carrying a concealed or unconcealed firearm shall be disarmed or physically restrained by a law enforcement officer unless under arrest; and

31 (d) Any person who violates this subdivision shall be subject to the penalty provided 32 in section 571.121.

- 4. The lawful design, marketing, manufacture, distribution, or sale of firearms or ammunition to the public is not an abnormally dangerous activity and does not constitute a public or private nuisance.
- 5. No county, city, town, village or any other political subdivision nor the state shall bring suit or have any right to recover against any firearms or ammunition manufacturer, trade association or dealer for damages, abatement or injunctive relief resulting from or relating to the lawful design, manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of firearms or ammunition to the public. This subsection shall apply to any suit pending as of October 12, 2003, as well as any suit which may be brought in the future. Provided, however, that nothing in this section shall restrict the rights of individual citizens to recover for injury or death caused by the negligent or defective design or manufacture of firearms or ammunition.
- 6. Nothing in this section shall prevent the state, a county, city, town, village or any other political subdivision from bringing an action against a firearms or ammunition manufacturer or dealer for breach of contract or warranty as to firearms or ammunition purchased by the state or such political subdivision.
- 7. (1) Any county, city, town, village, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state that enacts an ordinance that regulates firearms in violation of this section shall be liable to the injured party in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper proceeding for redress and subject to a civil penalty of fifty thousand dollars. Any person who believes that a jurisdiction in which he or she resides has taken action that would violate the provisions of this section shall have standing to pursue an action under this subdivision.
- (2) Any person who believes that a jurisdiction in which he or she resides or conducts business has taken action that would violate the provisions of this section shall have standing to pursue an action for injunctive relief in the circuit court of the county in which the action allegedly occurred or in the circuit court of Cole County with respect to the action of the jurisdiction. The court shall hold a hearing on the motion for a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction within thirty days of the service of the petition.
- (3) In any action under this subsection, the court may award the prevailing party, other than the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of the state, reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- (4) Sovereign immunity shall not be an affirmative defense in any action under this subsection.

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563.031. 1. A person may, subject to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, use physical force upon another person when and to the extent he or she reasonably believes 3 such force to be necessary to defend himself or herself or a third person from what he or she reasonably believes to be the use or imminent use of unlawful force by such other person, 5 unless:

- (1) The actor was the initial aggressor; except that in such case his or her use of force is nevertheless justifiable provided:
- 8 (a) He or she has withdrawn from the encounter and effectively communicated such withdrawal to such other person but the latter persists in continuing the incident by the use or threatened use of unlawful force; or 10
- 11 (b) He or she is a law enforcement officer and as such is an aggressor pursuant to 12 section 563.046; or
- (c) The aggressor is justified under some other provision of this chapter or other provision of law; 14
- 15 (2) Under the circumstances as the actor reasonably believes them to be, the person 16 whom he or she seeks to protect would not be justified in using such protective force;
- The actor was attempting to commit, committing, or escaping after the 17 18 commission of a forcible felony.
 - 2. A person shall not use deadly force upon another person under the circumstances specified in subsection 1 of this section unless:
 - (1) He or she reasonably believes that such deadly force is necessary to protect himself, or herself or her unborn child, or another against death, serious physical injury, or any forcible felony;
- (2) Such force is used against a person who unlawfully enters, remains after unlawfully entering, or attempts to unlawfully enter a dwelling, residence, or vehicle lawfully occupied by such person; or 26
- 27 (3) Such force is used against a person who unlawfully enters, remains after 28 unlawfully entering, or attempts to unlawfully enter private property that is owned or leased by an individual, or is occupied by an individual who has been given specific authority by the 29 property owner to occupy the property, claiming a justification of using protective force under this section. 31
 - 3. A person does not have a duty to retreat:
- (1) From a dwelling, residence, or vehicle where the person is not unlawfully entering 33 or unlawfully remaining; 34
 - (2) From private property that is owned or leased by such individual; or
 - (3) If the person is in any other location such person has the right to be.

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4. The justification afforded by this section extends to the use of physical restraint as protective force provided that the actor takes all reasonable measures to terminate the restraint as as soon as it is reasonable to do so.

- 5. [The defendant shall have the burden of injecting the issue of justification under this section. If a defendant asserts that his or her use of force is described under subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, the burden shall then be on the state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant did not reasonably believe that the use of such force was necessary to defend against what he or she reasonably believed was the use or imminent use of unlawful force] There shall be a presumption of reasonableness under this section that the defendant believed such force was necessary to defend himself or herself or a third person from what he or she believed to be the use or imminent use of unlawful force by another person.
- 563.041. 1. A person may, subject to the limitations of subsection 2, use physical force upon another person when and to the extent that he or she reasonably believes it necessary to prevent what he or she reasonably believes to be the commission or attempted commission by such person of stealing, property damage or tampering in any degree.
- 2. A person may use deadly force under circumstances described in subsection 1 only when such use of deadly force is authorized under other sections of this chapter.
 - 3. The justification afforded by this section extends to the use of physical restraint as protective force provided that the actor takes all reasonable measures to terminate the restraint as soon as it is reasonable to do so.
- 4. An armed nuclear security guard may use the following levels of physical force against another person at a nuclear power plant or within a structure or fenced yard of a nuclear power plant if the armed nuclear security guard reasonably believes that such force is necessary:
- 14 (1) An armed nuclear security guard may use physical force, as he or she reasonably 15 believes is immediately necessary, up to and including deadly physical force to:
- 16 (a) Prevent an action that would constitute murder in the first or second degree under section 565.020 or 565.021;
- 18 (b) Prevent an action that would constitute voluntary manslaughter under section 19 565.023;
- 20 (c) Prevent an action that would constitute assault in the first or second degree under 21 section 565.050 or 565.052; or
- 22 (d) Defend himself, herself, or a third person from the use or imminent use of deadly 23 physical force;

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24 (2) An armed nuclear security guard may use physical force, as he or she reasonably 25 believes is immediately necessary, up to but not including deadly physical force to prevent an action that would constitute:

- (a) Assault in the third or fourth degree under section 565.054 or 565.056;
- 28 (b) Kidnapping in the first, second, or third degree under section 565.110, 565.120, or 29 565.130;
- 30 (c) Burglary in the first or second degree under section 569.160 or 569.170;
- 31 (d) Arson in the first, second, or third degree under section 569.040, 569.050, or 32 569.053;
 - (e) Property damage in the first degree under section 569.100;
 - (f) Robbery in the first or second degree under section 570.023 or 570.025;
- 35 (g) Armed criminal action under section 571.015; or
- 36 (h) Trespass in the first degree under section 569.140;
 - (3) An armed nuclear security guard is justified in threatening to use physical force or deadly physical force if and to the extent a reasonable armed nuclear security guard believes it necessary to protect himself, herself, or others against another person's potential use of physical force or deadly physical force.
 - 5. [Notwithstanding any provisions of section 563.016 to the contrary,] An armed nuclear security guard, employer of an armed nuclear security guard, or owner of a nuclear power plant shall not be subject to civil liability for conduct of an armed nuclear security guard that is permitted by this section.
- 6. The defendant shall have the burden of injecting the issue of justification under this section.
- 563.074. 1. [Notwithstanding the provisions of section 563.016,] A person who uses force as described in sections 563.031, 563.041, 563.046, 563.051, 563.056, and 563.061 is justified in using such force and such fact shall be an absolute defense to criminal prosecution or civil liability.
 - 2. The court shall award attorney's fees, court costs, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the defendant in defense of any civil action brought by a plaintiff if the court finds that the defendant has an absolute defense as provided in subsection 1 of this section.
- 563.085. 1. (1) A person who uses or threatens to use force under section 563.031 is justified in such conduct and is immune from criminal prosecution and civil action for the use or threatened use of such force by the person against whom the force was used or threatened, or such person's personal representative or heirs, unless:
- 5 (a) The person against whom force was used or threatened was a law 6 enforcement officer who was acting in the performance of his or her official duties and 7 the officer identified himself or herself in accordance with any applicable law or the

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8 person using or threatening to use force knew or reasonably should have known that the
 9 person was a law enforcement officer; and

- (b) The force used or threatened occurred in a location readily accessible to the public or a place of public accommodation.
- (2) As used in this subsection, the term "criminal prosecution" includes arresting, detaining in custody, and charging or prosecuting the defendant.
- 2. A law enforcement agency may use standard procedures for investigating the use or threatened use of force as described in subsection 1 of this section, but the agency shall not arrest the person for using or threatening to use force unless the agency determines that there is probable cause that the force that was used or threatened was unlawful.
- 3. In a criminal prosecution or civil action, once a prima facie claim of self-defense immunity has been raised by the defendant at a pretrial immunity hearing, the burden of proof by clear and convincing evidence is on the party seeking to overcome the immunity provided in subsection 1 of this section.
- 571.101. 1. All applicants for concealed carry permits issued pursuant to subsection 7 of this section must satisfy the requirements of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the said applicant can show qualification as provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121, the county or city sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit authorizing the carrying of a concealed 5 firearm on or about the applicant's person or within a vehicle. A concealed carry permit shall 6 be valid from the date of issuance or renewal until five years from the last day of the month in 7 which the permit was issued or renewed. The concealed carry permit is valid throughout this state. Although the permit is considered valid in the state, a person who fails to renew his or her permit within five years from the date of issuance or renewal shall not be eligible for an exception to a National Instant Criminal Background Check under federal regulations currently codified under 27 CFR 478.102(d), relating to the transfer, sale, or delivery of 11 firearms from licensed dealers. A concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall continue from the date of issuance or renewal until three years from the last day of 14 the month in which the endorsement was issued or renewed to authorize the carrying of a concealed firearm on or about the applicant's person or within a vehicle in the same manner as a concealed carry permit issued under subsection 7 of this section on or after August 28, 2013. 16
 - 2. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to subsection 7 of this section shall be issued by the sheriff or his or her designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, if the applicant:
- 20 (1) Is [at least nineteen] eighteen years of age or older, is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States, and either:
 - (a) Has assumed residency in this state; or

23 (b) Is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States stationed in Missouri [5] or 24 the spouse of such member of the military;

- (2) [Is at least nineteen years of age, or is at least eighteen years of age and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, and is a citizen of the United States and either:
 - (a) Has assumed residency in this state;
 - (b) Is a member of the Armed Forces stationed in Missouri; or
- (c) The spouse of such member of the military stationed in Missouri and nineteen years of age;
- (3)] Has not pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer or gas gun;
- [(4)] (3) Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a concealed carry permit or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a concealed carry permit;
- [(5)] (4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
- [(6)] (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces;
- [(7)] (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public or closed records, that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant presents a danger to himself **or herself** or others;
- [(8)] (7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;
- 57 [(9)] (8) Submits a completed application for a permit as described in subsection 3 of 58 this section;

[(10)] (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111;

- 62 [(11)] (10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in 63 effect; and
- 64 [(12)] (11) Is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under section 65 571.070 or 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g).
 - 3. The application for a concealed carry permit issued by the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence shall contain only the following information:
 - (1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, date and place of birth, and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant's country of citizenship and any alien or admission number issued by the Federal Bureau of Customs and Immigration Enforcement or any successor agency;
 - (2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri or is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States stationed in Missouri or the spouse of such a member of the Armed Forces of the United States and is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States;
 - (3) An affirmation that the applicant is [at least nineteen years of age or is] eighteen years of age or older [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably-discharged from the United States Armed Forces];
 - (4) An affirmation that the applicant has not pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
 - (5) An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit;
 - (6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of

95 imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer or gas gun;

- (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces;
- (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state, except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this state pursuant to chapter 632, or a similar discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago without subsequent recommitment may apply;
- 105 (9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety training that meets 106 the standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in subsection 1 or 2 of section 107 571.111;
 - (10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best knowledge and belief, is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;
- 110 (11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant will result in 111 prosecution for perjury pursuant to the laws of the state of Missouri; and
 - (12) A government-issued photo identification. This photograph shall not be included on the permit and shall only be used to verify the person's identity for permit renewal, or for the issuance of a new permit due to change of address, or for a lost or destroyed permit.
 - 4. An application for a concealed carry permit shall be made to the sheriff of the county or any city not within a county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing, signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a concealed carry permit must also submit the following:
 - (1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of completion or other evidence of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the standards established in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and
 - (2) A nonrefundable permit fee as provided by subsection 11 or 12 of this section.
 - 5. (1) Before an application for a concealed carry permit is approved, the sheriff shall make only such inquiries as he or she deems necessary into the accuracy of the statements made in the application. The sheriff may require that the applicant display a Missouri driver's license or nondriver's license or military identification and orders showing the person being stationed in Missouri. In order to determine the applicant's suitability for a concealed carry permit, the applicant shall be fingerprinted. No other biometric data shall be collected from

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132 the applicant. The sheriff shall conduct an inquiry of the National Instant Criminal 133 Background Check System within three working days after submission of the properly completed application for a concealed carry permit. If no disqualifying record is identified by 135 these checks at the state level, the fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of 136 Investigation for a national criminal history record check. Upon receipt of the completed 137 report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the response from 138 the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check, the sheriff shall 139 examine the results and, if no disqualifying information is identified, shall issue a concealed 140 carry permit within three working days.

(2) In the event the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check prescribed by subdivision (1) of this subsection are not completed within fortyfive calendar days and no disqualifying information concerning the applicant has otherwise come to the sheriff's attention, the sheriff shall issue a provisional permit, clearly designated on the certificate as such, which the applicant shall sign in the presence of the sheriff or the sheriff's designee. This permit, when carried with a valid Missouri driver's or nondriver's license or a valid military identification, shall permit the applicant to exercise the same rights in accordance with the same conditions as pertain to a concealed carry permit issued under this section, provided that it shall not serve as an alternative to an national instant criminal background check required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922(t). The provisional permit shall remain valid until such time as the sheriff either issues or denies the certificate of qualification under subsection 6 or 7 of this section. The sheriff shall revoke a provisional permit issued under this subsection within twenty-four hours of receipt of any report that identifies a disqualifying record, and shall notify the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 of section 650.350. The revocation of a provisional permit issued under this section shall be proscribed in a manner consistent to the denial and review of an application under subsection 6 of this section.

6. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a concealed carry permit if he or she determines that any of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section have not been met, or if he or she has a substantial and demonstrable reason to believe that the applicant has rendered a false statement regarding any of the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the sheriff is required to deny the application, and notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial and informing the applicant of the right to submit, within thirty days, any additional documentation relating to the grounds of the denial. Upon receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider his or her decision and inform the applicant within thirty days of the result of the reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed in writing of the right to appeal the

denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 571.114. After two additional reviews and denials by the sheriff, the person submitting the application shall appeal the denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 571.114.

- 7. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit to the applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after his or her approval of the application. The applicant shall sign the concealed carry permit in the presence of the sheriff or his or her designee.
 - 8. The concealed carry permit shall specify only the following information:
- (1) Name, address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, and signature of the permit holder;
 - (2) The signature of the sheriff issuing the permit;
 - (3) The date of issuance; and
- 181 (4) The expiration date.

- The permit shall be no larger than two and one-eighth inches wide by three and three-eighths inches long and shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the department of public safety. The permit shall also be assigned a concealed carry permit system county code and shall be stored in sequential number.
- 9. (1) The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a concealed carry permit or a provisional permit and his or her action thereon. Any record of an application that is incomplete or denied for any reason shall be kept for a period not to exceed one year. Any record of an application that was approved shall be kept for a period of one year after the expiration and nonrenewal of the permit.
- (2) The sheriff shall report the issuance of a concealed carry permit or provisional permit to the concealed carry permit system. All information on any such permit that is protected information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same personal protection for purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121. An applicant's status as a holder of a concealed carry permit, provisional permit, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected information. Information retained in the concealed carry permit system under this subsection shall not be distributed to any federal, state, or private entities and shall only be made available for a single entry query of an individual in the event the individual is a subject of interest in an active criminal investigation or is arrested for a crime. A sheriff may access the concealed carry permit system for administrative purposes to issue a permit, verify the accuracy of permit holder information, change the name or address of a permit holder, suspend or revoke a permit, cancel an expired permit, or cancel a permit upon receipt of a

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certified death certificate for the permit holder. Any person who violates the provisions of this subdivision by disclosing protected information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

- 10. Information regarding any holder of a concealed carry permit, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, is a closed record. No bulk download or batch data shall be distributed to any federal, state, or private entity, except to MoSMART or a designee thereof. Any state agency that has retained any documents or records, including fingerprint records provided by an applicant for a concealed carry endorsement prior to August 28, 2013, shall destroy such documents or records, upon successful issuance of a permit.
- 11. For processing an application for a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed one hundred dollars which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund. This fee shall include the cost to reimburse the Missouri state highway patrol for the costs of fingerprinting and criminal background checks. An additional fee shall be added to each credit card, debit card, or other electronic transaction equal to the charge paid by the state or the applicant for the use of the credit card, debit card, or other electronic payment method by the applicant.
- 12. For processing a renewal for a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed fifty dollars which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund.
 - 13. For the purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121, the term "sheriff" shall include the sheriff of any county or city not within a county or his or her designee and in counties of the first classification the sheriff may designate the chief of police of any city, town, or municipality within such county.
 - 14. For the purposes of this chapter, "concealed carry permit" shall include any concealed carry endorsement issued by the department of revenue before January 1, 2014, and any concealed carry document issued by any sheriff or under the authority of any sheriff after December 31, 2013.
 - 571.104. 1. A concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall be suspended or revoked if the concealed carry endorsement holder becomes ineligible for such endorsement under the criteria established in subdivisions (2), (3), (4), [(5), (8), and (11)] (7), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.101 or upon the issuance of a valid full order of protection. The following procedures shall be followed:
 - (1) When a valid full order of protection, or any arrest warrant, discharge, or commitment for the reasons listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4), [(5), (8), or (11)] (7), or (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.101, is issued against a person holding a concealed carry

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endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, upon notification of said order, warrant, discharge or commitment or upon an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in a criminal 11 proceeding, a commitment proceeding or a full order of protection proceeding ruling that a person holding a concealed carry endorsement presents a risk of harm to themselves or others, then upon notification of such order, the holder of the concealed carry endorsement shall surrender the driver's license or nondriver's license containing the concealed carry 14 endorsement to the court, officer, or other official serving the order, warrant, discharge, or 16 commitment. The official to whom the driver's license or nondriver's license containing the concealed carry endorsement is surrendered shall issue a receipt to the licensee for the license upon a form, approved by the director of revenue, that serves as a driver's license or a 19 nondriver's license and clearly states the concealed carry endorsement has been suspended. The official shall then transmit the driver's license or a nondriver's license containing the 21 concealed carry endorsement to the circuit court of the county issuing the order, warrant, discharge, or commitment. The concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 22 23 2013, shall be suspended until the order is terminated or until the arrest results in a dismissal 24 of all charges. The official to whom the endorsement is surrendered shall administratively 25 suspend the endorsement in the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 26 of section 650.350 until such time as the order is terminated or until the charges are dismissed. Upon dismissal, the court holding the driver's license or nondriver's license 27 28 containing the concealed carry endorsement shall return such license to the individual, and the 29 official to whom the endorsement was surrendered shall administratively return the 30 endorsement to good standing within the concealed carry permit system[-]; and 31

(2) Any conviction, discharge, or commitment specified in sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall result in a revocation. Upon conviction, the court shall forward a notice of conviction or action and the driver's license or nondriver's license with the concealed carry endorsement to the department of revenue. The department of revenue shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. The sheriff who issued the certificate of qualification prior to August 28, 2013, shall report the change in status of the endorsement to the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 of section 650.350. The director of revenue shall immediately remove the endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, from the individual's driving record within three days of the receipt of the notice from the court. The director of revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not contain such endorsement. This requirement does not affect the driving privileges of the licensee. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received three days after mailing.

- 2. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121 after August 28, 2013, shall be suspended or revoked if the concealed carry permit holder becomes ineligible for such permit or endorsement under the criteria established in subdivisions (2), (3), (4), [(5), (8), and (11)] (7), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.101 or upon the issuance of a valid full order of protection. The following procedures shall be followed:
- (1) When a valid full order of protection or any arrest warrant, discharge, or commitment for the reasons listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4), [(5), (8), or (11)] (7), or (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.101 is issued against a person holding a concealed carry permit, upon notification of said order, warrant, discharge, or commitment or upon an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in a criminal proceeding, a commitment proceeding, or a full order of protection proceeding ruling that a person holding a concealed carry permit presents a risk of harm to themselves or others, then upon notification of such order, the holder of the concealed carry permit shall surrender the permit to the court, officer, or other official serving the order, warrant, discharge, or commitment. The permit shall be suspended until the order is terminated or until the arrest results in a dismissal of all charges. The official to whom the permit is surrendered shall administratively suspend the permit in the concealed carry permit system until the order is terminated or the charges are dismissed. Upon dismissal, the court holding the permit shall return such permit to the individual and the official to whom the permit was surrendered shall administratively return the permit to good standing within the concealed carry permit system; and
- (2) Any conviction, discharge, or commitment specified in sections 571.101 to 571.121 shall result in a revocation. Upon conviction, the court shall forward a notice of conviction or action and the permit to the issuing county sheriff. The sheriff who issued the concealed carry permit shall report the change in status of the concealed carry permit to the concealed carry permit system.
- 3. A concealed carry permit shall be renewed for a qualified applicant upon receipt of the properly completed renewal application and the required renewal fee by the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence. The renewal application shall contain the same required information as set forth in subsection 3 of section 571.101, except that in lieu of the fingerprint requirement of subsection 5 of section 571.101 and the firearms safety training, the applicant need only display his or her current concealed carry permit. A name-based inquiry of the National Instant Criminal Background Check System shall be completed for each renewal application. The sheriff shall review the results of the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, and when the sheriff has determined the applicant has successfully completed all renewal requirements and is not disqualified under any provision of section 571.101, the sheriff shall issue a new concealed carry permit which contains the date such permit was renewed. The process for renewing a concealed carry

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endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall be the same as the process for renewing a permit, except that in lieu of the fingerprint requirement of subsection 5 of section 571.101 and the firearms safety training, the applicant need only display his or her current driver's license or nondriver's license containing an endorsement. Upon successful completion of all renewal requirements, the sheriff shall issue a new concealed carry permit as provided under this subsection.

- 4. A person who has been issued a concealed carry permit, or a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement prior to August 28, 2013, who fails to file a renewal application for a concealed carry permit on or before its expiration date must pay an additional late fee of ten dollars per month for each month it is expired for up to six months. After six months, the sheriff who issued the expired concealed carry permit or certificate of qualification shall notify the concealed carry permit system that such permit is expired and cancelled. If the person has a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, the sheriff who issued the certificate of qualification for the endorsement shall notify the director of revenue that such certificate is expired regardless of whether the endorsement holder has applied for a concealed carry permit under subsection 3 of this section. The director of revenue shall immediately remove such endorsement from the individual's driving record and notify the individual that his or her driver's license or nondriver's license has expired. The notice shall be conducted in the same manner as described in subsection 1 of this section. Any person who has been issued a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, who fails to renew his or her application within the six-month period must reapply for a new concealed carry permit and pay the fee for a new application.
- 106 5. Any person issued a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall notify the 107 108 sheriff of the new jurisdiction of the permit or endorsement holder's change of residence 109 within thirty days after the changing of a permanent residence to a location outside the county 110 of permit issuance. The permit or endorsement holder shall furnish proof to the sheriff in the 111 new jurisdiction that the permit or endorsement holder has changed his or her residence. The sheriff in the new jurisdiction shall notify the sheriff in the old jurisdiction of the permit holder's change of address and the sheriff in the old jurisdiction shall transfer any information 113 on file for the permit holder to the sheriff in the new jurisdiction within thirty days. The 114 115 sheriff of the new jurisdiction may charge a processing fee of not more than ten dollars for 116 any costs associated with notification of a change in residence. The sheriff shall report the 117 residence change to the concealed carry permit system, take possession and destroy the old permit, and then issue a new permit to the permit holder. The new address shall be accessible 118 by the concealed carry permit system within three days of receipt of the information. If the 119

person has a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, the endorsement holder shall also furnish proof to the department of revenue of his or her residence change. In such cases, the change of residence shall be made by the department of revenue onto the individual's driving record.

- 6. Any person issued a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall notify the sheriff or his or her designee of the permit or endorsement holder's county or city of residence within seven days after actual knowledge of the loss or destruction of his or her permit or driver's license or nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement. The permit or endorsement holder shall furnish a statement to the sheriff that the permit or driver's license or nondriver's license containing the concealed carry endorsement has been lost or destroyed. After notification of the loss or destruction of a permit or driver's license or nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement, the sheriff may charge a processing fee of ten dollars for costs associated with replacing a lost or destroyed permit or driver's license or nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement and shall reissue a new concealed carry permit within three working days of being notified by the concealed carry permit or endorsement holder of its loss or destruction. The new concealed carry permit shall contain the same personal information, including expiration date, as the original concealed carry permit.
- 7. If a person issued a concealed carry permit, or endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, changes his or her name, the person to whom the permit or endorsement was issued shall obtain a corrected or new concealed carry permit with a change of name from the sheriff who issued the original concealed carry permit or the original certificate of qualification for an endorsement upon the sheriff's verification of the name change. The sheriff may charge a processing fee of not more than ten dollars for any costs associated with obtaining a corrected or new concealed carry permit. The permit or endorsement holder shall furnish proof of the name change to the sheriff within thirty days of changing his or her name and display his or her concealed carry permit or current driver's license or nondriver's license containing a concealed carry endorsement. The sheriff shall report the name change to the concealed carry permit system, and the new name shall be accessible by the concealed carry permit system within three days of receipt of the information.
- 8. The person with a concealed carry permit, or endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall notify the sheriff of a name or address change within thirty days of the change. A concealed carry permit and, if applicable, endorsement shall be automatically invalid after one hundred eighty days if the permit or endorsement holder has changed his or her name or changed his or her residence and not notified the sheriff as required in subsections 5 and 7 of this section. The sheriff shall assess a late penalty of ten dollars per month for each month, up

to six months and not to exceed sixty dollars, for the failure to notify the sheriff of the change of name or address within thirty days.

- 9. (1) As used in this subsection, the term "active military member" means any person who is on active duty in the United States Armed Forces, on active state duty, on full-time National Guard duty under Title 32 of the United States Code.
- (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a concealed carry permit, or endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, expires while the person issued the permit or endorsement is an active military member, the permit shall be renewed if the person completes the renewal requirements under subsection 3 of this section within two months of returning to Missouri after discharge from such duty or recovery from such incapacitation. Once the two-month period has expired, the provisions of subsection 4 of this section shall apply except the penalties shall begin to accrue upon the expiration of the two-month period described in this subsection rather than on the expiration date of the permit or endorsement.
- (3) Beginning August 28, 2020, an active military member may complete the renewal of his or her endorsement or permit under subdivision (2) of this subsection by mail. To renew an endorsement or permit by mail, an active military member shall mail to the sheriff who issued his or her permit a renewal application, a copy of his or her current concealed carry permit, a military identification acceptable for in-person renewal of permits, and the renewal fee. The active military member may pick up the renewed permit in person or may request the permit be mailed to a provided address by certified mail. The sheriff may require the active military member to pay the postage and insurance costs associated with mailing the permit, but the costs shall not exceed ten dollars.
- 571.117. 1. Any person who has knowledge that another person, who was issued a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or concealed carry endorsement prior to August 28, 2013, never was or no longer is eligible for such permit or endorsement under the criteria established in sections 571.101 to 571.121 may file a petition with the clerk of the small claims court to revoke that person's concealed carry permit or endorsement. The petition shall be in a form substantially similar to the petition for revocation of concealed carry permit or endorsement provided in this section. [Appeal] Revocation petition forms shall be provided by the clerk of the small claims court free of charge to any person:

10	SMALL CLAIMS COURT
11	In the Circuit Court of, Missouri
12	, PLAINTIFF
13)
14)
15	vs.) Case Number

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17	, DEFENDANT,
18	Carry Permit or Endorsement Holder
19	, DEFENDANT,
20	Sheriff of Issuance
21	PETITION FOR REVOCATION OF A
22	CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT OR CONCEALED CARRY
23	ENDORSEMENT
24	Plaintiff states to the court that the defendant,, has a concealed
25	carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, or
26	a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, and
27	that the defendant's concealed carry permit or concealed carry
28	endorsement should now be revoked because the defendant either
29	never was or no longer is eligible for such a permit or endorsement
30	pursuant to the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo,
31	specifically plaintiff states that defendant,, never was or no
32	longer is eligible for such permit or endorsement for one or more of the
33	following reasons:
34	(CHECK BELOW EACH REASON THAT APPLIES TO THIS
35	DEFENDANT)
36	☐ Defendant is not at least [nineteen years of age or at least] eighteen
37	years of age [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or
38	honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces].
39	☐ Defendant is not a citizen or permanent resident of the United
40	States.
41	☐ Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the
42	permit and does not qualify as a military member or spouse of a
43	military member stationed in Missouri.
44	☐ Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime
45	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] one
46	year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a
47	crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and
48	punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or
49	less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm
50	silencer, or gas gun.

51	Defendant has been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of
52	nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving
53	crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately
54	preceding application for a concealed carry permit issued pursuant
55	to sections 571.101 to 571.121, RSMo, or a concealed carry
56	endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or if the applicant
57	has been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses
58	involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor
59	or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within
60	a five-year period immediately preceding application for a
61	concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to
62	571.121, RSMo, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to
63	 August 28, 2013.
64	Defendant is a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an
65	information or indictment with the commission of a crime
66	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under
67	the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime
68	classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and
69	punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that
70	does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or
71	gas gun.
72	Defendant has been discharged under dishonorable conditions
73	 from the United States Armed Forces.
74	Defendant is reasonably believed by the sheriff to be a danger to
75	 self or others based on previous, documented pattern.
76	Defendant is adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of
77	application or for five years prior to application, or has been
78	committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section
79	632.005, RSMo, or a similar institution located in another state,
80	except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in
81	this state pursuant to chapter 632, RSMo, or a similar discharge
82	from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago
83	 without subsequent recommitment may apply.
84	Defendant failed to submit a completed application for a concealed
85	carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121,

86	RSMo, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August
87	28, 2013.
88	Defendant failed to submit to or failed to clear the required
89	background check. (Note: This does not apply if the defendant has
90	submitted to a background check and been issued a provisional
91	permit pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section
92	571.101, and the results of the background check are still pending.)
93	Defendant failed to submit an affidavit attesting that the applicant
94	complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement
95	pursuant to subsection 1 of section 571.111, RSMo.
96	Defendant is otherwise disqualified from possessing a firearm
97	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) or section 571.070, RSMo,
98	because (specify reason):

The plaintiff subject to penalty for perjury states that the information contained in this petition is true and correct to the best of the plaintiff's knowledge, is reasonably based upon the petitioner's personal knowledge and is not primarily intended to harass the defendant/respondent named herein.

104 , PLAINTIFF

- 2. If at the hearing the plaintiff shows that the defendant was not eligible for the concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, at the time of issuance or renewal or is no longer eligible for a concealed carry permit or the concealed carry endorsement, the court shall issue an appropriate order to cause the revocation of the concealed carry permit and, if applicable, the concealed carry endorsement. Costs shall not be assessed against the sheriff.
- 3. The finder of fact, in any action brought against a permit or endorsement holder pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, shall make findings of fact and the court shall make conclusions of law addressing the issues at dispute. If it is determined that the plaintiff in such an action acted without justification or with malice or primarily with an intent to harass the permit or endorsement holder or that there was no reasonable basis to bring the action, the court shall order the plaintiff to pay the defendant/respondent all reasonable costs incurred in defending the action including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, deposition costs, and lost wages. Once the court determines that the plaintiff is liable to the defendant/respondent for costs and fees, the extent and type of fees and costs to be awarded should be liberally

calculated in defendant/respondent's favor. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reasonable attorney's fees shall be presumed to be at least one hundred fifty dollars per hour.

- 4. Any person aggrieved by any final judgment rendered by a small claims court in a petition for revocation of a concealed carry permit or concealed carry endorsement may have a right to trial de novo as provided in sections 512.180 to 512.320.
- 5. The office of the county sheriff or any employee or agent of the county sheriff shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or failure to revoke a concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, so long as the sheriff acted in good faith.
- 571.205. 1. Upon request and payment of the required fee, the sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit that is valid through the state of Missouri for the lifetime of the permit holder to a Missouri resident who meets the requirements of sections 571.205 to 571.230, known as a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit. A person may also request, and the sheriff shall issue upon payment of the required fee, a concealed carry permit that is valid through the state of Missouri for a period of either ten years or twenty-five years from the date of issuance or renewal to a Missouri resident who meets the requirements of sections 571.205 to 571.230. Such permit shall be known as a Missouri extended concealed carry permit. A person issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be required to comply with the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230. If the applicant can show qualification as provided by sections 571.205 to 571.230, the sheriff shall issue a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit authorizing the carrying of a concealed firearm on or about the applicant's person or within a vehicle.
 - 2. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be suspended if the permit holder becomes a resident of another state. The permit may be reactivated upon reestablishment of Missouri residency if the applicant meets the requirements of sections 571.205 to 571.230, and upon successful completion of a name-based inquiry of the National Instant Background Check System.
 - 3. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be issued by the sheriff or his or her designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, if the applicant:
 - (1) Is [at least nineteen] eighteen years of age or older, is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States, and has assumed residency in this state[, or is at least eighteen years of age and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, and is a citizen of the United States and has assumed residency in this state];

- (2) Has not pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States, other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
- (3) Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit;
- (4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state of the United States, other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
- (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces;
- (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public or closed records, that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant presents a danger to himself or herself or others:
- (7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;
- 53 (8) Submits a completed application for a permit as described in subsection 4 of this section;
 - (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement under subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111;
 - (10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;
- 58 (11) Is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under section 571.070 or 59 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g).
 - 4. The application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued by the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence shall contain only the following information:

- (1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, date and place of birth, and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant's country of citizenship and any alien or admission number issued by the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement or any successor agency;
- 67 (2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri and is a 68 citizen or permanent resident of the United States;
 - (3) An affirmation that the applicant is [at least nineteen years of age or is] eighteen years of age or older [and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces];
 - (4) An affirmation that the applicant has not pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
 - (5) An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit or that the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit;
 - (6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;
 - (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces;
 - (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state, except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this state under chapter 632, or a similar discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago without subsequent recommitment may apply;

98 (9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety training that meets 99 the standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in subsection 1 or 2 of section 100 571.111;

- (10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best knowledge and belief, is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;
- 103 (11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant will result in 104 prosecution for perjury under the laws of the state of Missouri; and
 - (12) A government-issued photo identification. This photograph shall not be included on the permit and shall only be used to verify the person's identity for the issuance of a new permit, issuance of a new permit due to change of name or address, renewal of an extended permit, or for a lost or destroyed permit, or reactivation under subsection 2 of this section.
 - 5. An application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall be made to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing, signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 3 of this section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall also submit the following:
 - (1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of completion or other evidence of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the standards established in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and
 - (2) A nonrefundable permit fee as provided by subsection 12 of this section.
 - 6. (1) Before an application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit is approved, the sheriff shall make only such inquiries as he or she deems necessary into the accuracy of the statements made in the application. The sheriff may require that the applicant display a Missouri driver's license or nondriver's license or military identification. No biometric data shall be collected from the applicant. The sheriff shall conduct an inquiry of the National Instant Criminal Background Check System within three working days after submission of the properly completed application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit. Upon receipt of the completed report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, the sheriff shall examine the results and, if no disqualifying information is identified, shall issue a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit within three working days.
 - (2) In the event the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check prescribed by subdivision (1) of this subsection are not completed within fortyfive calendar days and no disqualifying information concerning the applicant has otherwise

135 come to the sheriff's attention, the sheriff shall issue a provisional permit, clearly designated on the certificate as such, which the applicant shall sign in the presence of the sheriff or the 137 sheriff's designee. This permit, when carried with a valid Missouri driver's or nondriver's license, shall permit the applicant to exercise the same rights in accordance with the same 138 139 conditions as pertain to a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under 140 this section, provided that it shall not serve as an alternative to a national instant criminal background check required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922(t). The provisional permit shall remain 142 valid until such time as the sheriff either issues or denies the permit under subsection 7 or 8 of 143 this section. The sheriff shall revoke a provisional permit issued under this subsection within twenty-four hours of receipt of any report that identifies a disqualifying record, and shall 145 notify the concealed carry permit system established under subsection 5 of section 650.350. The revocation of a provisional permit issued under this section shall be prescribed in a 147 manner consistent to the denial and review of an application under subsection 7 of this 148 section.

- 7. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit if he or she determines that any of the requirements specified in subsection 3 of this section have not been met, or if he or she has a substantial and demonstrable reason to believe that the applicant has rendered a false statement regarding any of the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230. If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the sheriff is required to deny the application, and notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial and informing the applicant of the right to submit, within thirty days, any additional documentation relating to the grounds of the denial. Upon receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider his or her decision and inform the applicant within thirty days of the result of the reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed in writing of the right to appeal the denial under section 571.220. After two additional reviews and denials by the sheriff, the person submitting the application shall appeal the denial under section 571.220.
- 8. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit to the applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after his or her approval of the application. The applicant shall sign the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit in the presence of the sheriff or his or her designee.
- 9. The Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall specify only the following information:
- 168 (1) Name, address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, 169 and signature of the permit holder;
 - (2) The signature of the sheriff issuing the permit;
- 171 (3) The date of issuance;

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172 (4) A clear statement indicating that the permit is only valid within the state of 173 Missouri; and

(5) If the permit is a Missouri extended concealed carry permit, the expiration date.

- The permit shall be no larger than two and one-eighth inches wide by three and three-eighths inches long and shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the department of public safety. The permit shall also be assigned a concealed carry permit system county code and shall be stored in sequential number.
- 10. (1) The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or a provisional permit and his or her action thereon. Any record of an application that is incomplete or denied for any reason shall be kept for a period not to exceed one year.
- (2) The sheriff shall report the issuance of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or provisional permit to the concealed carry permit system. All information on any such permit that is protected information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same personal protection for purposes of sections 571.205 to 571.230. An applicant's status as a holder of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or provisional permit shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected information. Information retained in the concealed carry permit system under this subsection shall not be distributed to any federal, state, or private entities and shall only be made available for a single entry query of an individual in the event the individual is a subject of interest in an active criminal investigation or is arrested for a crime. A sheriff may access the concealed carry permit system for administrative purposes to issue a permit, verify the accuracy of permit holder information, change the name or address of a permit holder, suspend or revoke a permit, cancel an expired permit, or cancel a permit upon receipt of a certified death certificate for the permit holder. Any person who violates the provisions of this subdivision by disclosing protected information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 11. Information regarding any holder of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit is a closed record. No bulk download or batch data shall be distributed to any federal, state, or private entity, except to MoSMART or a designee thereof.
- 12. For processing an application, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed:
- (1) Two hundred dollars for a new Missouri extended concealed carry permit that is valid for ten years from the date of issuance or renewal;
- (2) Two hundred fifty dollars for a new Missouri extended concealed carry permit that is valid for twenty-five years from the date of issuance or renewal;
 - (3) Fifty dollars for a renewal of a Missouri extended concealed carry permit;

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209 (4) Five hundred dollars for a Missouri lifetime concealed carry permit, 210 211 which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund. 571.225. 1. Any person who has knowledge that another person, who was issued a 2 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit under sections 571.205 to 571.230, 3 never was or no longer is eligible for such permit under the criteria established in sections 4 571.205 to 571.230 may file a petition with the clerk of the small claims court to revoke that 5 person's Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit. The petition shall be in a form substantially similar to the petition for revocation of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit provided in this section. [Appeal] Revocation petition forms shall be 8 provided by the clerk of the small claims court free of charge to any person: 9 SMALL CLAIMS COURT In the Circuit Court of , Missouri 10 , PLAINTIFF 11 12 13 Case Number 14 VS. 15 16 , DEFENDANT, 17 Lifetime or Extended Carry Permit Holder 18 19 , DEFENDANT, Sheriff of Issuance 20 21 PETITION FOR REVOCATION OF A 22 MISSOURI LIFETIME OR EXTENDED CONCEALED CARRY 23 **PERMIT** 24 Plaintiff states to the court that the defendant, _____, has a Missouri 25 lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo, and that the defendant's Missouri lifetime 26 27 or extended concealed carry permit should now be revoked because the 28 defendant either never was or no longer is eligible for such a permit 29 pursuant to the provisions of sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo, specifically plaintiff states that defendant, , never was or no 30 31 longer is eligible for such permit or endorsement for one or more of the 32 following reasons: 33 (CHECK BELOW EACH REASON THAT APPLIES TO THIS

DEFENDANT)

years of age [and a member of the United States Armed Forces of honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces]. Defendant is not a citizen or permanent resident of the United States. Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the permit or is not a current resident of this state. Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm	n
Defendant is not a citizen or permanent resident of the United States. Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the permit or is not a current resident of this state. Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	ť
States. Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the permit or is not a current resident of this state. Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	
Defendant had not resided in this state prior to issuance of the permit or is not a current resident of this state. Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state are punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	_
permit or is not a current resident of this state. Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	
Defendant has pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	
punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding [two years] on year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	
year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years or	
crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years of two y	e
punishable by a term of imprisonment of [one year] two years of	a
	d
less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm. firearm	r
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silencer, or gas gun.	
Defendant has been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of	f
nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving	
crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately	
52 preceding application for a Missouri lifetime or extended	
53 concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to	
54 571.230, RSMo, or the defendant has been convicted of two or	
more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the	
influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abus	e
of a controlled substance within a five-year period immediately	
preceding application for a concealed carry permit issued pursuan	ıt
59 to sections 571.205 to 571.230, RSMo.	
Defendant is a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an	_
information or indictment with the commission of a crime	
punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year unde	r
the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime	
classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and	
punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that	
does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, o	r
gas gun.	
Defendant has been discharged under dishonorable conditions	-
from the United States Armed Forces.	

70			Defendant is reasonably believed by the sheriff to be a danger to
71			self or others based on previous, documented pattern.
72			Defendant is adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of
73			application or for five years prior to application, or has been
74			committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section
75			632.005, RSMo, or a similar institution located in another state,
76			except that a person whose release or discharge from a facility in
77			this state pursuant to chapter 632, RSMo, or a similar discharge
78			from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago
79			without subsequent recommitment may apply.
80			Defendant failed to submit a completed application for a concealed
81			carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.205 to 571.230,
82			RSMo.
83			Defendant failed to submit to or failed to clear the required
84			background check. (Note: This does not apply if the defendant has
85			submitted to a background check and been issued a provisional
86			permit pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of section
87			571.205, RSMo, and the results of the background check are still
88			pending.)
89			Defendant failed to submit an affidavit attesting that the applicant
90			complies with the concealed carry safety training requirement
91			pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111, RSMo.
92			Defendant is otherwise disqualified from possessing a firearm
93			pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) or section 571.070, RSMo,
94			because (specify reason):
95		The	e plaintiff subject to penalty for perjury states that the information
96		con	tained in this petition is true and correct to the best of the plaintiff's
97		kno	owledge, is reasonably based upon the petitioner's personal
98		kno	owledge and is not primarily intended to harass the defendant/
99		res	pondent named herein.
100			, PLAINTIFF
101	2.	If a	at the hearing the plaintiff shows that the defendant was not eligib

2. If at the hearing the plaintiff shows that the defendant was not eligible for the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230 at the time of issuance or renewal or is no longer eligible for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit the court shall issue an appropriate order to cause the

revocation of the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit. Costs shall not be assessed against the sheriff.

- 3. The finder of fact, in any action brought against a permit holder under subsection 1 of this section, shall make findings of fact and the court shall make conclusions of law addressing the issues at dispute. If it is determined that the plaintiff in such an action acted without justification or with malice or primarily with an intent to harass the permit holder or that there was no reasonable basis to bring the action, the court shall order the plaintiff to pay the defendant/respondent all reasonable costs incurred in defending the action including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, deposition costs, and lost wages. Once the court determines that the plaintiff is liable to the defendant/respondent for costs and fees, the extent and type of fees and costs to be awarded should be liberally calculated in defendant/respondent's favor. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reasonable attorney's fees shall be presumed to be at least one hundred fifty dollars per hour.
- 4. Any person aggrieved by any final judgment rendered by a small claims court in a petition for revocation of a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit may have a right to trial de novo as provided in sections 512.180 to 512.320.
- 5. The office of the county sheriff or any employee or agent of the county sheriff shall not be liable for damages in any civil action arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, or failure to revoke a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230 so long as the sheriff acted in good faith.

[563.016. The fact that conduct is justified under this chapter does not abolish or impair any remedy for such conduct which is available in any civil actions.]

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