

# HOUSE BILL NO. 3413

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE DOLAN.

7373H.011

JOSEPH ENGLER, Chief Clerk

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### AN ACT

To repeal sections 211.021, 211.069, 211.071, 211.072, and 211.073, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to certified juveniles.

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*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Sections 211.021, 211.069, 211.071, 211.072, and 211.073, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 211.021, 211.071, 211.072, 211.073, and 211.075, to read as follows:

211.021. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, **the following terms mean:**

(1) "Adult" ~~[means]~~, a person eighteen years of age or older;

(2) **"Certified juvenile", a child who has been certified under section 211.071 to stand trial as an adult for an offense;**

(3) "Child" ~~[means]~~, any person under eighteen years of age;

~~[(3)]~~ (4) "Juvenile court" ~~[means]~~, the juvenile division or divisions of the circuit court of the county, or judges while hearing juvenile cases assigned to them;

~~[(4)]~~ (5) "Legal custody" ~~[means]~~, the right to the care, custody and control of a child and the duty to provide food, clothing, shelter, ordinary medical care, education, treatment and discipline of a child. Legal custody may be taken from a parent only by court action and if the legal custody is taken from a parent without termination of parental rights, the parent's duty to provide support continues even though the person having legal custody may provide the necessities of daily living;

~~[(5)]~~ (6) "Parent" ~~[means]~~, either a natural parent or a parent by adoption and if the child is illegitimate, "parent" means the mother;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets ~~[thus]~~ in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

17           ~~[(6)]~~ (7) "Shelter care" ~~[means]~~, the temporary care of juveniles in physically  
18 unrestricting facilities pending final court disposition. These facilities may include:

19           (a) "Foster home", the private home of foster parents providing twenty-four-hour care  
20 to one to three children unrelated to the foster parents by blood, marriage or adoption;

21           (b) "Group foster home", the private home of foster parents providing twenty-four-  
22 hour care to no more than six children unrelated to the foster parents by blood, marriage or  
23 adoption; or

24           (c) "Group home", a child care facility which approximates a family setting, provides  
25 access to community activities and resources, and provides care to no more than twelve  
26 children;

27           **(8) "Youth", the same meaning as defined in section 219.011.**

211.071. 1. If a petition or motion to modify alleges that a child between the ages of  
2 fourteen and eighteen has committed an offense that would be considered a felony if  
3 committed by an adult, ~~[the court may, upon its]~~ **upon the court's** own motion or upon  
4 motion by the juvenile officer, the child, or the child's custodian, **the court may** order a  
5 hearing and may, in its discretion, dismiss the petition or motion to modify and such child  
6 may be transferred to the court of general jurisdiction and prosecuted under the general law;  
7 except that, ~~[if a petition alleges that a child between the ages of twelve and eighteen has~~  
8 ~~committed an offense that would be considered first degree murder under section 565.020,~~  
9 ~~second degree murder under section 565.021, first degree assault under section 565.050,~~  
10 ~~foreible rape under section 566.030 as it existed prior to August 28, 2013, rape in the first~~  
11 ~~degree under section 566.030, foreible sodomy under section 566.060 as it existed prior to~~  
12 ~~August 28, 2013, sodomy in the first degree under section 566.060, first degree robbery under~~  
13 ~~section 569.020 as it existed prior to January 1, 2017, robbery in the first degree under~~  
14 ~~section 570.023, distribution of drugs under section 195.211 as it existed prior to January 1,~~  
15 ~~2017, or the manufacturing of a controlled substance under section 579.055, if committed by~~  
16 ~~an adult, or a dangerous felony as defined in section 556.061, or any felony involving the use,~~  
17 ~~assistance, or aid of a deadly weapon, or has committed two or more prior unrelated offenses~~  
18 ~~that would be felonies if committed by an adult,]~~ the court shall order a hearing, and may, in  
19 its discretion, dismiss the petition or motion to modify and transfer the child to a court of  
20 general jurisdiction for prosecution under the general law **if the petition or motion to modify**  
21 **alleges that a child between the ages of twelve and eighteen has committed:**

22           **(1) An offense that, if committed by an adult, would be considered:**

23           **(a) Murder in the first degree under section 565.020;**

24           **(b) Distribution of a controlled substance under section 195.211 as it existed**  
25 **prior to January 1, 2017;**

26           **(c) Manufacture of a controlled substance under section 579.055; or**

27 **(d) A dangerous felony as defined in section 556.061; or**

28 **(2) Two or more prior unrelated offenses that would be felonies if committed by**  
29 **an adult.**

30 2. Upon apprehension and arrest, jurisdiction over the criminal offense allegedly  
31 committed by any person between eighteen and twenty-one years of age over whom the  
32 juvenile court has retained continuing jurisdiction shall automatically terminate and that  
33 offense shall be dealt with in the court of general jurisdiction as provided in section 211.041.

34 3. Knowing and willful age misrepresentation by a juvenile subject shall not affect  
35 any action or proceeding which occurs based upon the misrepresentation. Any evidence  
36 obtained during the period of time in which a child misrepresents ~~[his or her]~~ **the child's** age  
37 may be used against the child and will be subject only to rules of evidence applicable in adult  
38 proceedings.

39 4. Written notification of a transfer hearing shall be given to the ~~[juvenile]~~ **child** and  
40 ~~[his or her]~~ **the child's** custodian in the same manner as provided in sections 211.101 and  
41 211.111. Notice of the hearing may be waived by the custodian. Notice shall contain a  
42 statement that the purpose of the hearing is to determine whether the child is a proper subject  
43 to be dealt with under the provisions of this chapter, and that if the court finds that the child is  
44 not a proper subject to be dealt with under the provisions of this chapter, the petition or  
45 motion to modify will be dismissed to allow for prosecution of the child under the general  
46 law.

47 5. The juvenile officer ~~[may]~~ **shall** consult with the office of prosecuting attorney  
48 concerning any offense for which the child could be certified as an adult under this section.  
49 The prosecuting or circuit attorney shall have access to police reports, reports of the juvenile  
50 or deputy juvenile officer, statements of witnesses and all other records or reports relating to  
51 the offense alleged to have been committed by the child. The prosecuting or circuit attorney  
52 shall have access to the disposition records of the child when the child has been adjudicated  
53 pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031. The prosecuting attorney shall  
54 not divulge any information regarding the child and the offense until the juvenile court at a  
55 judicial hearing has determined that the child is not a proper subject to be dealt with under the  
56 provisions of this chapter.

57 6. A written report shall be prepared in accordance with this chapter developing fully  
58 all available information relevant to the criteria which shall be considered by the court in  
59 determining whether the child is a proper subject to be dealt with under the provisions of this  
60 chapter and whether there are reasonable prospects of rehabilitation within the juvenile justice  
61 system. These criteria shall include, but not be limited to:

62 (1) The seriousness of the offense alleged and whether the protection of the  
63 community requires transfer to the court of general jurisdiction;

64 (2) Whether the offense alleged involved viciousness, force and violence;

65 (3) Whether the offense alleged was against persons or property with greater weight  
66 being given to the offense against persons, especially if personal injury resulted;

67 (4) Whether the offense alleged is a part of a repetitive pattern of offenses [~~which~~]  
68 **that** indicates [~~that~~] the child may be beyond rehabilitation under the juvenile code;

69 (5) The record and history of the child, including experience with the juvenile justice  
70 system, other courts, supervision, commitments to juvenile institutions, and other placements;

71 (6) The sophistication and maturity of the child as determined by consideration of [~~his~~  
72 ~~or her~~] **the child's** home and environmental situation, emotional condition, and pattern of  
73 living;

74 (7) The age of the child;

75 (8) The program and facilities available to the juvenile court in considering  
76 disposition;

77 (9) Whether or not the child can benefit from the treatment or rehabilitative programs  
78 available to the juvenile court; and

79 (10) Racial disparity in certification.

80 7. If the court dismisses the petition to permit the child to be prosecuted under the  
81 general law, the court shall enter a dismissal order containing:

82 (1) Findings showing that the court had jurisdiction of the cause and of the parties;

83 (2) Findings showing that the child was represented by counsel;

84 (3) Findings showing that the hearing was held in the presence of the child and [~~his or~~  
85 ~~her~~] **the child's** counsel; and

86 (4) Findings showing the reasons underlying the court's decision to transfer  
87 jurisdiction.

88 8. A copy of the petition or motion to modify and order of the dismissal shall be sent  
89 to the prosecuting attorney.

90 9. When a petition or motion to modify has been dismissed, thereby permitting a child  
91 to be prosecuted under the general law, and the prosecution of the child results in a  
92 conviction, the jurisdiction of the juvenile court over that child is forever terminated, except  
93 as provided in subsection 10 of this section, for an act that would be a violation of a state law  
94 or municipal ordinance.

95 10. If a petition or motion to modify has been dismissed, thereby permitting a child to  
96 be prosecuted under the general law, and the child is found not guilty by a court of general  
97 jurisdiction, the juvenile court shall have jurisdiction over any later offense committed by that  
98 child which would be considered a misdemeanor or felony if committed by an adult, subject  
99 to the certification provisions of this section.

100 11. If the court does not dismiss the petition or motion to modify to permit the child to  
101 be prosecuted under the general law, it shall set a date for the hearing upon the petition as  
102 provided in section 211.171.

211.072. 1. [~~A juvenile under eighteen years of age who has been certified to stand~~  
2 ~~trial as an adult for offenses pursuant to section 211.071,~~] If currently placed in a secure  
3 juvenile detention facility, **unless otherwise ordered by the juvenile court, a certified**  
4 **juvenile** shall remain in a secure juvenile detention facility pending finalization of the  
5 judgment and completion of appeal, if any, of the judgment dismissing the juvenile petition to  
6 allow for prosecution under the general law [~~unless otherwise ordered by the juvenile court~~].  
7 Upon the judgment dismissing the petition to allow prosecution under the general [~~laws~~] **law**  
8 becoming final and adult charges being filed, if the **certified** juvenile is currently in a secure  
9 juvenile detention facility, the **certified** juvenile shall remain in such facility unless the  
10 **certified** juvenile posts bond or the **certified** juvenile is transferred to an adult jail. If the  
11 juvenile officer does not believe juvenile detention would be the appropriate placement or  
12 would continue to serve as the appropriate placement, the juvenile officer may file a motion  
13 in the adult criminal case requesting that the **certified** juvenile be transferred from a secure  
14 juvenile detention facility to an adult jail. The court shall hear evidence relating to the  
15 appropriateness of the **certified** juvenile remaining in a secure juvenile detention facility or  
16 being transferred to an adult jail. At such hearing, the following **individuals** shall have the  
17 right to be present and have the opportunity to present evidence and recommendations [~~at~~  
18 ~~such hearing~~]:

- 19 (1) The **certified** juvenile;
- 20 (2) The [~~juvenile's~~] parents **of the certified juvenile**;
- 21 (3) The **certified** juvenile's counsel;
- 22 (4) The prosecuting attorney;
- 23 (5) The juvenile officer [~~or his or her designee~~] for the circuit in which the juvenile  
24 was certified, **or the juvenile officer's designee**;
- 25 (6) The juvenile officer [~~or his or her designee~~] for the circuit in which the [~~pretrial-~~  
26 ~~certified~~] **certified** juvenile is proposed to be held, if different from the circuit in which the  
27 juvenile was certified, **or the juvenile officer's designee**;
- 28 (7) Counsel for the juvenile officer; and
- 29 (8) Representatives of the county proposed to have custody of the [~~pretrial-certified~~]  
30 **certified** juvenile.

31 2. Following the hearing, the court shall order that the **certified** juvenile continue to  
32 be held in a secure juvenile detention facility subject to all Missouri juvenile detention  
33 standards, or the court shall order that the [~~pretrial-certified~~] **certified** juvenile be held in an  
34 adult jail, but only after the court has made findings that it would be in the best interest of

35 justice to move the ~~[pretrial-certified]~~ **certified** juvenile to an adult jail. The court shall  
36 weigh the following factors when deciding whether to detain a certified juvenile in an adult  
37 facility:

38 (1) The certified juvenile's age;

39 (2) The certified juvenile's physical and mental maturity;

40 (3) The certified juvenile's present mental state, including whether ~~[he or she]~~ **the**  
41 **certified juvenile** presents an imminent risk of self-harm;

42 (4) The nature and circumstances of the charges;

43 (5) The certified juvenile's history of delinquency;

44 (6) The relative ability of the available adult and juvenile facilities to both meet the  
45 needs of the certified juvenile and to protect the public and other ~~[youth in their custody]~~  
46 **children or certified juveniles in the facilities;**

47 (7) The opinion of the juvenile officer in the circuit of the proposed placement as to  
48 the ability of that juvenile detention facility to provide for appropriate care, custody, and  
49 control of the ~~[pretrial-certified]~~ **certified** juvenile **pretrial**; and

50 (8) Any other relevant factor.

51 3. In the event the court finds that it is in the best interest of justice to require the  
52 certified juvenile to be held in an adult jail, the court shall hold a hearing once every thirty  
53 days to determine whether the placement of the certified juvenile in an adult jail is still in the  
54 best ~~[interests]~~ **interest** of justice. If a ~~[pretrial-certified juvenile under eighteen years of age]~~  
55 **certified juvenile** is ordered released on the **certified** juvenile's adult criminal case from an  
56 adult jail following a transfer order under subsection 2 of this section and the **certified**  
57 juvenile is detained on violation of the conditions of release or bond, the **certified** juvenile  
58 shall return to the custody of the adult jail pending further court order.

59 4. A certified juvenile cannot be held in an adult jail for more than one hundred eighty  
60 days unless the court finds, for good cause, that an extension is necessary or the juvenile,  
61 through counsel, waives the one hundred eighty day maximum period. If no extension is  
62 granted under this subsection, the certified juvenile shall be transferred from the adult jail to a  
63 secure juvenile detention facility. If an extension is granted under this subsection, the court  
64 shall hold a hearing once every thirty days to determine whether the placement of the certified  
65 juvenile in an adult jail is still in the best interests of justice.

66 5. ~~[Effective December 31, 2021, all previously pretrial-certified juveniles under~~  
67 ~~eighteen years of age who had been certified prior to August 28, 2021, shall be transferred~~  
68 ~~from adult jail to a secure juvenile detention facility, unless a hearing is held and the court~~  
69 ~~finds, based upon the factors in subsection 2 of this section, that it would be in the best~~  
70 ~~interest of justice to keep the juvenile in the adult jail.~~

71 ~~6.] All [pretrial-certified juveniles under eighteen years of age]~~ **certified juveniles**  
72 who are held in adult jails pursuant to the best interest of justice exception shall continue to be  
73 subject to the protections of the Prison Rape Elimination Act ~~[(PREA)]~~ **of 2003, 42 U.S.C.**  
74 **Section 15601 et seq., or any successor statute,** and shall be physically separated from adult  
75 inmates.

76 ~~[7.]~~ **6.** If the certified juvenile remains in juvenile detention, the juvenile officer may  
77 file a motion to reconsider placement. The court shall consider the factors set out in  
78 subsection 2 of this section and the individuals set forth in subsection 1 of this section shall  
79 have a right to be present and present evidence. The court may amend its earlier order in light  
80 of the evidence and arguments presented at the hearing if the court finds that it would not be  
81 in the best interest of justice for the juvenile to remain in a secure juvenile detention facility.

82 ~~[8.]~~ **7.** Issues related to the setting of, and posting of, bond along with any bond  
83 forfeiture proceedings shall be held in the ~~[pretrial-certified]~~ **certified** juvenile's adult  
84 criminal case.

85 ~~[9.]~~ **8.** Upon attaining eighteen years of age or upon a plea of guilty or conviction on  
86 the adult charges, the **certified** juvenile shall be transferred from juvenile detention to the  
87 appropriate adult facility.

88 ~~[10.]~~ **9.** Any responsibility for transportation of and contracted service for the  
89 certified juvenile who remains in a secure juvenile detention facility shall be handled by  
90 county jail staff in the same manner as in all other adult criminal cases where the defendant is  
91 in custody.

92 ~~[11.]~~ **10.** The county jail staff shall designate a liaison assigned to each ~~[pretrial-~~  
93 ~~certified]~~ **certified** juvenile while housed in a juvenile detention facility, who shall assist in  
94 communication with the juvenile detention facility on the needs of the **certified** juvenile  
95 including, but not limited to, visitation, legal case status, medical and mental health needs,  
96 and phone contact.

97 ~~[12.]~~ **11.** The per diem provisions as set forth in section 211.156 shall apply to  
98 certified juveniles who are being held in a secure juvenile detention facility.

99 **12. The provisions of this section shall apply to juveniles who have been ordered**  
100 **transferred to a court of general jurisdiction for prosecution under the general law**  
101 **prior to January 1, 2028.**

211.073. 1. ~~[The court shall,]~~ In a case when the offender is ~~[under eighteen years of~~  
2 ~~age and has been transferred to a court of general jurisdiction pursuant to section 211.071,~~  
3 ~~and]~~ **a certified juvenile** whose prosecution results in a conviction or a plea of guilty, **the**  
4 **court shall** consider dual jurisdiction of both the criminal and juvenile codes, as set forth in  
5 this section. The court is authorized to impose a juvenile disposition under this chapter and  
6 simultaneously impose an adult criminal sentence, the execution of which shall be suspended

7 pursuant to the provisions of this section. Successful completion of the juvenile disposition  
8 ordered shall be a condition of the suspended adult criminal sentence. The court may order an  
9 offender into the custody of the division of youth services pursuant to this section:

10 (1) Upon agreement of the division of youth services; and

11 (2) If the division of youth services determines that there is space available in a  
12 facility designed to serve offenders sentenced under this section.

13

14 If the division of youth services agrees to accept a **[youth] certified juvenile** and the court  
15 does not impose a juvenile disposition, the court shall make findings on the record as to why  
16 the division of youth services was not appropriate for the offender prior to imposing the adult  
17 criminal sentence.

18 2. If there is probable cause to believe that the offender has violated a condition of the  
19 suspended sentence or committed a new offense, the court shall conduct a hearing on the  
20 violation charged, unless the offender waives such hearing. If the violation is established and  
21 found the court may continue or revoke the juvenile disposition, impose the adult criminal  
22 sentence, or enter such other order as it may see fit.

23 3. When an offender has received a suspended sentence pursuant to this section and  
24 the division determines the **[child] certified juvenile** is beyond the scope of its treatment  
25 programs, the division of youth services may petition the court for a transfer of custody of the  
26 offender. The court shall hold a hearing and shall:

27 (1) Revoke the suspension and direct that the offender be taken into immediate  
28 custody of the department of corrections; or

29 (2) Direct that the offender be placed on probation.

30 4. When an offender who has received a suspended sentence reaches the age of  
31 eighteen, the court shall hold a hearing. The court shall:

32 (1) Revoke the suspension and direct that the offender be taken into immediate  
33 custody of the department of corrections;

34 (2) Direct that the offender be placed on probation; or

35 (3) Direct that the offender remain in the custody of the division of youth services if  
36 the division agrees to such placement.

37 5. The division of youth services shall petition the court for a hearing before it  
38 releases an offender who comes within subsection 1 of this section at any time before the  
39 offender reaches the age of twenty-one years. The court shall:

40 (1) Revoke the suspension and direct that the offender be taken into immediate  
41 custody of the department of corrections; or

42 (2) Direct that the offender be placed on probation.



43           6. If the suspension of the adult criminal sentence is revoked, all time served by the  
44 offender under the juvenile disposition shall be credited toward the adult criminal sentence  
45 imposed.

**211.075. 1. Beginning January 1, 2028, unless otherwise ordered by the juvenile  
2 court, a certified juvenile shall be transferred to the division of youth services pending  
3 finalization of the judgment and completion of appeal, if any, of the judgment dismissing  
4 the juvenile petition to allow for prosecution under the general law. Upon the judgment  
5 dismissing the petition to allow prosecution under the general law becoming final and  
6 adult charges being filed, the certified juvenile shall remain in the custody of the  
7 division of youth services unless the certified juvenile posts bond or the certified juvenile  
8 is transferred to an adult jail. If the division of youth services does not believe  
9 placement with the division of youth services would be appropriate or would continue to  
10 be appropriate, the division may file a motion in the adult criminal case requesting that  
11 the certified juvenile be transferred to an adult jail. The court shall hear evidence  
12 relating to the appropriateness of the certified juvenile remaining with the division of  
13 youth services or being transferred to an adult jail. At such hearing, the following  
14 individuals shall have the right to be present and have the opportunity to present  
15 evidence and recommendations:**

- 16           (1) The certified juvenile;
- 17           (2) The parents of the certified juvenile;
- 18           (3) The certified juvenile's counsel;
- 19           (4) The prosecuting attorney; and
- 20           (5) The sheriff or another representative of the county jail proposed to have  
21 custody of the certified juvenile.

22           2. Following the hearing, the court shall order that the certified juvenile  
23 continue to be held by the division of youth services, or it shall order the certified  
24 juvenile to be held in an adult jail, but only after the court has made findings that it  
25 would be in the best interest of justice to move the certified juvenile to an adult jail. The  
26 court shall weigh the following factors when deciding whether to detain a certified  
27 juvenile in an adult facility:

- 28           (1) The age of the certified juvenile;
- 29           (2) The physical and mental maturity of the certified juvenile;
- 30           (3) The present mental state of the certified juvenile, including whether the  
31 certified juvenile presents an imminent risk of self-harm;
- 32           (4) The nature and circumstances of the charges;
- 33           (5) The certified juvenile's history of delinquency;

34           **(6) The relative ability of the available adult jail and the division of youth**  
35 **services to protect the public and meet the needs of the certified juvenile and other**  
36 **youth or certified juveniles in its custody; and**

37           **(7) Any other relevant factor.**

38           **3. In the event the court finds that it is in the best interest of justice to require the**  
39 **certified juvenile to be held in an adult jail, the court shall hold a hearing once every**  
40 **thirty days to determine whether the placement of the certified juvenile in an adult jail**  
41 **is still in the best interest of justice. Following a transfer order under subsection 2 of**  
42 **this section, if a certified juvenile is ordered released on the certified juvenile's adult**  
43 **case from an adult jail and the certified juvenile is detained on violation of the**  
44 **conditions of release or bond, the certified juvenile shall return to the custody of the**  
45 **adult jail pending further court order.**

46           **4. A certified juvenile shall not be held in an adult jail for more than one**  
47 **hundred eighty days unless:**

48           **(1) The court finds that an extension is necessary for good cause; or**

49           **(2) Through counsel, the certified juvenile waives the maximum period of one**  
50 **hundred eighty days. If the court does not grant an extension under this subsection, the**  
51 **certified juvenile shall be transferred from the adult jail to the division of youth services.**  
52 **If the court grants an extension under this subsection, the court shall hold a hearing**  
53 **once every thirty days to determine whether the placement of the certified juvenile in an**  
54 **adult jail is still in the best interest of justice.**

55           **5. All certified juveniles who are held in adult jails under the best interest of**  
56 **justice exception shall continue to be subject to the protections of the Prison Rape**  
57 **Elimination Act of 2003, 42 U.S.C. Section 15601 et seq., or any successor statute, and**  
58 **shall be physically separated from adult inmates.**

59           **6. If the certified juvenile remains with the division of youth services, the**  
60 **division of youth services or the prosecuting attorney may file a motion to reconsider**  
61 **placement. The court shall consider the factors set out in subsection 2 of this section,**  
62 **and the individuals set forth in subsection 1 of this section shall have a right to be**  
63 **present and present evidence. The court may amend its earlier order in light of the**  
64 **evidence and arguments presented at the hearing if the court finds that it would not be**  
65 **in the best interest of justice for the certified juvenile to remain with the division of**  
66 **youth services.**

67           **7. Issues related to the setting and posting of bond, along with any bond**  
68 **forfeiture proceedings, shall be held in the certified juvenile's adult criminal case.**

69           **8. Upon attaining eighteen years of age or upon a plea of guilty or conviction on**  
70 **the adult charges, the certified juvenile shall be transferred to the appropriate adult**  
71 **facility.**

72           **9. The county jail staff shall be responsible for transportation of a certified**  
73 **juvenile from the division of youth services to all court appearances that require the**  
74 **presence of the defendant. The division of youth services shall be responsible for**  
75 **transportation of a certified juvenile for any other purpose.**

76           **10. The county jail staff shall designate a liaison assigned to each certified**  
77 **juvenile while with the division of youth services, which liaison shall assist in**  
78 **communication with the division of youth services, including, but not limited to,**  
79 **visitation, legal case status, medical and mental health needs, and phone contact.**

2                   ~~[211.069. Sections 211.071 and 211.073 shall be known and may be~~  
                  ~~cited as "Jonathan's Law".]~~

✓